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Cynomolgus Monkey OX40 (CD134) Protein (C-Fc)

Catalog Number:	605001, 605002
Size:	25 ug, 100 ug
Target Name:	OX40, TNFRSF4, OX40L receptor, CD134, ACT35
Regulatory Status:	RUO

PRODUCT DETAILS

Application:	ELISA, BLI
Format:	Liquid, Purified
Expression Host:	HEK293
Species:	Cynomolgus monkey
Accession Number:	XP_005545179
Sources:	Recombinant Cynomolgus Monkey OX40 (Leu29-Ala216) with C-terminus Fc tag is expressed in 293 cells.
Molecular Weight:	This protein has a predicted molecular weight of 46.7 kDa. Under DTT-reducing conditions, the protein migrates at approximately 65 kDa on SDS-PAGE.
Affinity Tag:	C-Fc
Purity:	>95% based on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition
Formulation:	1xPBS buffer, pH7.4, 0.22 μm filtered
Endotoxin level:	Not tested
Protein Concentration:	25μg size is bottled at 0.2mg/mL concentration. 100 μg size is supplied at a lot-specific concentration.
Storage and Handling:	Briefly centrifuge the vial upon receipt. An unopened vial can be stored at 4°C for up to 2 weeks, or at -20°C or below for up to six months. The protein may be further diluted to 0.1 mg/mL using 0.22 μm-filtered PBS buffer (pH 7.4). For long-term storage, the diluted stock solution should be aliquoted and stored at ≤ –70°C to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. If additional dilution is required, carrier proteins such as FBS or BSA should be added to maintain protein stability.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

OX40, also known as CD134 or TNFRSF4, is a co-stimulatory receptor that plays a key role in regulating T cell activation, survival, and memory formation. OX40 is not expressed on resting naïve T cells but is rapidly upregulated on CD4+ and CD8+ T cells following antigen recognition and co-stimulation. It is also expressed on regulatory T cells and, in some contexts, on innate immune cells. Through its signaling, OX40 enhances the magnitude and durability of adaptive immune responses.

Structurally, OX40 is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein and a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor (TNFR) superfamily. Its extracellular region contains multiple cysteine-rich domains characteristic of TNFR family members, which mediate ligand

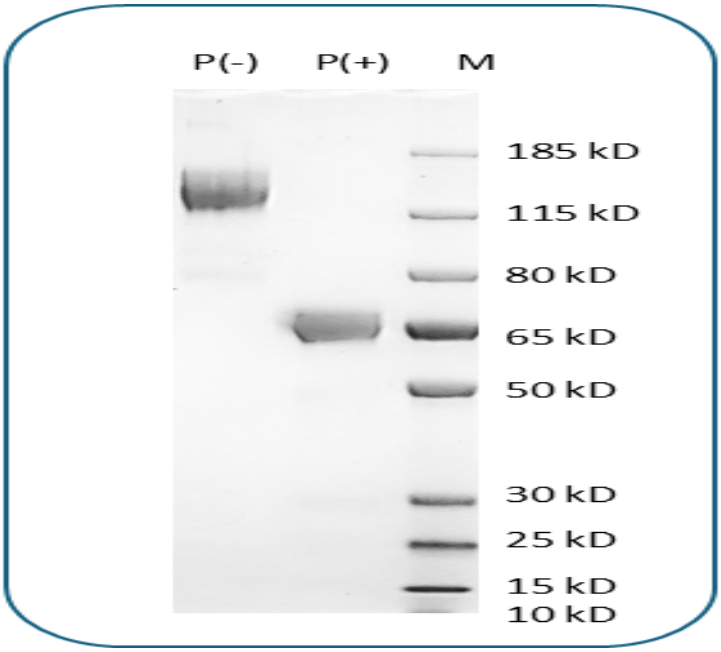
binding. OX40 has a single transmembrane domain and a cytoplasmic tail that lacks intrinsic enzymatic activity but recruits TNF receptor–associated factors (TRAFs) upon activation. These adaptor proteins initiate downstream signaling pathways, including NF-κB, PI3K–AKT, and MAPK pathways, which promote T cell proliferation, survival, and cytokine production.

The primary ligand for OX40 is OX40 ligand (OX40L, also known as CD252 or TNFSF4), which is expressed on activated antigen-presenting cells such as dendritic cells, B cells, and macrophages, as well as on endothelial cells in inflamed tissues. Engagement of OX40 by OX40L delivers a potent co-stimulatory signal that supports clonal expansion of effector T cells, enhances the generation of long-lived memory T cells, and can modulate the suppressive function of regulatory T cells.

OX40 signaling is implicated in a range of disease processes. In autoimmune and inflammatory diseases, excessive or prolonged OX40–OX40L interactions can drive pathogenic T cell responses, contributing to chronic inflammation and tissue damage. In allergic disease, OX40 promotes Th2 differentiation and cytokine production, supporting allergic inflammation. Conversely, in cancer, insufficient OX40 signaling may limit effective anti-tumor immunity, as robust T cell activation and persistence are required for tumor control.

Therapeutically, OX40 is an active target of immunomodulatory strategies. Agonistic antibodies targeting OX40 are being developed to enhance T cell responses in cancer immunotherapy, often in combination with immune checkpoint inhibitors to improve efficacy. In contrast, blockade of the OX40–OX40L pathway is being explored as a potential treatment for autoimmune and inflammatory diseases. These dual approaches underscore OX40's central role in balancing immune activation and regulation in health and disease.

PRODUCT DATA



Purified Cynomolgus Monkey OX40 Protein (C-Fc) on SDS-PAGE under reducing (P+) and non-reducing (P-) conditions. The purity of the purified protein appears to be greater than 95% based on reducing condition.

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