www.innocyto.com

InnoCyto Inc.

15375 Barranca Pkwy, Suite I-103
Irvine, CA 92618
Email: info@innocyto.com
Phone: 1-949-418-7543

In Vivo Star Anti-Human HLA-DR/DP/DQ Antibody

Catalog Number:	518501, 518502, 518503
Size:	1 mg, 5 mg, 25 mg
Target Name:	Major Histocompatibility complex II, human leukocyte antigen, HLA, MHC class II
Regulatory Status:	RUO

PRODUCT DETAILS

Clone:	F3.3
Application:	Direct ELISA, functional assay, Flow Cytometry
Reactivity:	Human
Format:	Liquid
Product Description:	In vivo Grade Recombinant Anti-Human HLA-DR/DP/DQ Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1 Kappa
Antibody Type:	Recombinant
Purity:	>95% by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin:	< 1 EU per 1 mg of the protein by the LAL method.
Storage Conditions:	4ºC
Grade:	In vivo
Recommended Usage:	This product is suitable in in vitro functional assays or in vivo on human cells used in animal models. Optimal amounts need to be determined empirically for each experiment.
Hidden Synonyms:	InVivoMab, InVivoPlus, GoInVivo, In Vivo Gold
RRID:	AB_3739460
GeneID:	3122

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

HLA-DR, HLA-DP, and HLA-DQ are the classical human leukocyte antigen (HLA) class II molecules that play a central role in the adaptive immune system by presenting extracellular peptide antigens to $CD4^+$ T helper cells. Encoded within the MHC class II region on chromosome 6, these molecules are expressed primarily on professional antigen-presenting cells such as dendritic cells, macrophages, and B cells. Their main function is to initiate immune responses against pathogens, maintain tolerance to self-antigens, and regulate immune-mediated signaling within tissues.

Structurally, HLA class II molecules are heterodimers composed of two non-covalently associated transmembrane glycoprotein chains: an alpha (α) chain and a beta (β) chain. The α1 and β1 domains form the peptide-binding groove, which accommodates peptides typically 13–25 amino acids long. Each HLA-II is encoded by distinct gene pairs: HLA-DRA and -DRB for HLA-DR, HLA-DPA and -DPB for HLA-DP, and HLA-DQA and -DQB for HLA-DQ. These molecules assemble in the endoplasmic reticulum and are

stabilized by the invariant chain (Ii), which prevents premature peptide binding. In late endosomes, Ii is degraded, and peptides generated from extracellular antigens are loaded onto HLA-II molecules with the assistance of the peptide editor HLA-DM before being presented on the cell surface.

The ligands for HLA-DR, DP, and DQ are peptide antigens derived mainly from exogenous proteins internalized by antigen-presenting cells. These peptide-MHC II complexes are recognized by the T cell receptor (TCR) on $CD4^+$ T helper cells, triggering their activation and cytokine release. This interaction bridges innate and adaptive immunity, shaping both humoral and cell-mediated responses.

Polymorphisms in HLA-DR, DP, and DQ genes have profound effects on disease susceptibility. Specific allelic variants are associated with autoimmune disorders, including type 1 diabetes (DR3-DQ2, DR4-DQ8), rheumatoid arthritis (DRB1*04), celiac disease (DQ2 and DQ8), and multiple sclerosis (DRB1*15). These associations arise because certain variants preferentially present self-peptides that activate autoreactive T cells. Conversely, HLA-II polymorphism contributes to protection against infections by broadening the range of peptides that can be presented to the immune system.

In therapeutic contexts, HLA-DR/DP/DQ typing is critical for transplantation compatibility, as mismatches can lead to graft rejection or graft-versus-host disease. Beyond transplantation, HLA-II molecules are vital in predicting immune responses to vaccines and designing antigen-specific immunotherapies. Advances in peptide-based vaccination and autoimmune disease treatments increasingly rely on identifying the precise peptide-HLA-II combinations that drive protective or pathogenic immune activation. Thus, HLA-DR, DP, and DQ remain central to understanding immune recognition, tolerance, and therapeutic modulation in human health and disease.

This product is supplied subject to the terms and conditions at www.innocyto.com/web/terms.php and may only be used as provided in the stated terms. Products are for Research Use Only.