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FITC Anti-Human CD24 Antibody

Catalog Number:	118407, 118408
Size:	25 tests, 100 tests
Target Name:	CD24, Ly-52, CD24 molecule; CD24A, heat-stable antigen (HSA)
Regulatory Status:	RUO

PRODUCT DETAILS

Clone:	ML5
Application:	Flow Cytometry
Reactivity:	Human
Format:	FITC
Isotype:	Mouse IgG2a
Antibody Type:	Monoclonal
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA
Protein Concentration:	Supplied at a lot-specific concentration.
Storage&Handling:	The antibody solution should be stored undiluted between 2°C and 8°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.
Recommended Usage:	For flow cytometric staining, it is recommended to use 5 µL of this reagent per 0.5-1.0 million cells in a 100 µL volume. Optimal reagent performance should be determined by titration for each specific application. FITC has an excitation max at 493 nm and an emission max at 525 nm.
Excitation Laser:	Blue Laser (488 nm)
Isotype Controls:	301513
Antibody Family:	Human Antibodies
Storage & Handling:	The antibody solution should be stored undiluted between 2°C and 8°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.
Isotype Control:	301513

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Human CD24, also known as cluster of differentiation 24 or heat-stable antigen (HSA), is a small, highly glycosylated cell-surface protein involved in immune regulation, cell adhesion, and cellular signaling. It is expressed on various cell types, including B lymphocytes, granulocytes, monocytes, epithelial cells, and neural cells. CD24 contributes to immune cell activation and differentiation, regulates inflammatory responses, and participates in interactions between immune cells and their surrounding environment.

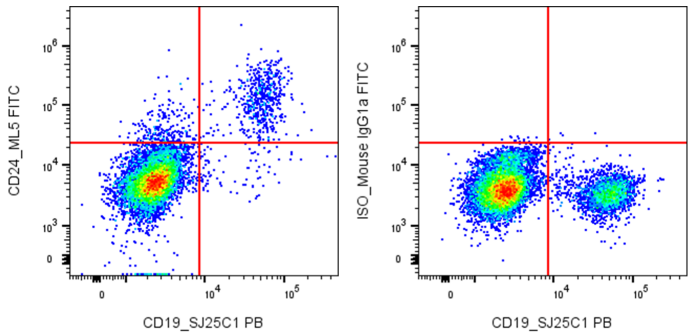
CD24 is encoded by the CD24 gene on chromosome 6q21. Its mature protein backbone consists of approximately 31–34 amino

acids and is extensively modified by N-linked and O-linked glycosylation. These carbohydrate modifications contribute substantially to its molecular mass, typically approximately 35–45 kDa. Unlike conventional transmembrane proteins, CD24 lacks an intracellular signaling domain and is attached to the outer surface of the plasma membrane through a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) anchor. Its biological activity is largely mediated through interactions with other cell-surface molecules. Important binding partners include Siglec-10, P-selectin, and L1 cell adhesion molecule (L1CAM).

CD24 plays important roles in inflammatory regulation and cancer development. Its interaction with Siglec-10 on macrophages delivers an inhibitory signal that suppresses macrophage-mediated phagocytosis and helps protect cells from excessive inflammatory responses. However, many solid tumors, including breast, ovarian, lung, and colorectal cancers, overexpress CD24, exploiting this pathway as a "don't eat me" signal to evade immune surveillance. Elevated CD24 expression has also been associated with tumor progression, metastasis, and cancer stem-cell characteristics.

Therapeutically, CD24 represents a promising target for cancer immunotherapy. Blocking CD24–Siglec-10 interactions using monoclonal antibodies may enhance macrophage-mediated tumor clearance. Other investigational approaches include antibody–drug conjugates and CD24-directed CAR T-cell therapies. Modulating the CD24–Siglec pathway may also have potential in inflammatory and autoimmune diseases, although further clinical research is needed to establish its safety and effectiveness.

PRODUCT DATA



Human peripheral blood mononuclear cells were stained with PB Anti-Human CD19 clone SJ25C1 and FITC Anti-Human CD24 clone ML5 (left) or an isotype control (right).

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